

Independently Occurring Words and Book Popularity

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BACKGROUND AND SIGNIFICANCE

Readers and publishers are fascinated with trying to understand what makes certain novels popular and thus, more likely to be purchased. Several studies have examined book length while others have looked at the frequency of specific words. This project focuses on figuring out the effect of Independently Occurring Words (IOW), words which occur only once in the entire book.

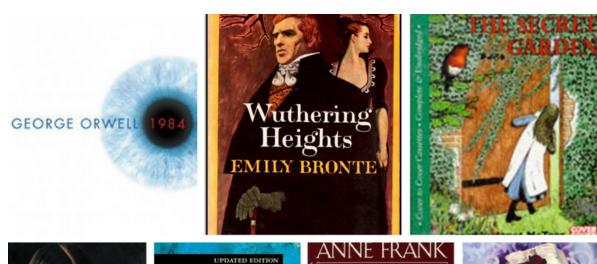
Previous research on this topic

Publishers tell first-time authors to make sure they have about 80,000 words in their novels. However, most books considered "classic" have a significantly higher word**count.** (~130,000 to the recommended ~80, 000).

In 2016, Matthew L. Jockers, associate professor of English at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln and Jodie Archer, a former acquisitions editor for Penguin UK created algorithm to predict a best-seller. Among other findings, the algorithm demonstrated that the **verb** 'need' is a much **stronger indicator of success** than the verb 'want.'

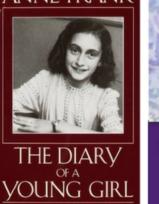
In individual works, such as The Catcher in The Rye, readers have tried to figure out the effect of the most repeated words. Blogger David Taylor noted that, unsurprisingly, the most frequent word used in The Catcher in the Rye is "goddamnit". Surprisingly, the word which most people tend to recall from the book (phony) is not even in the top 40 words most used.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

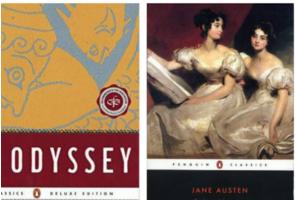


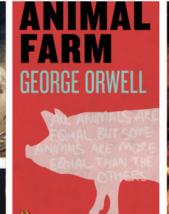


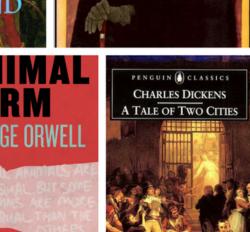












For this project, popular books were downloaded from Project Gutenberg, MIT-Stanford Literature project and other websites. In this project, a popular book is well defined and numerically verifiable: a book with over 500,000 ratings as well as an average rating greater than 3.5/5 stars on Goodreads.com

Based on this criterion, 14 books which fit these parameters have been chosen according to what was available in public domain.

Figure 1: Books used for analysis

These books were run through a word frequency counter and then a computer program created for this project. This computer program refers back to the University of Maryland's database, CatVar, which groups word clusters together. Thus, the program was able to eliminate words which were used more than once in different forms

This project: IOW

The independently occurring words in a novel should give insights into the repetition and vocabulary an author needs to use to write a "popular book".

Words in different tenses or in adjective/adverb form will be clustered together. However, words sharing the same root will be considered as separate words if the meaning of the two words is significantly different. For example, "dictate", "dictator" and "dictating" should be clustered together and in the program, their frequencies added up. But, "dictionary" and "dictate" are recognized as different words.



Figure 2: Word cloud of independently occurring words in the 14 books analyzed here (see Figure 1)

DATA ANALYSIS AND RESULTS:

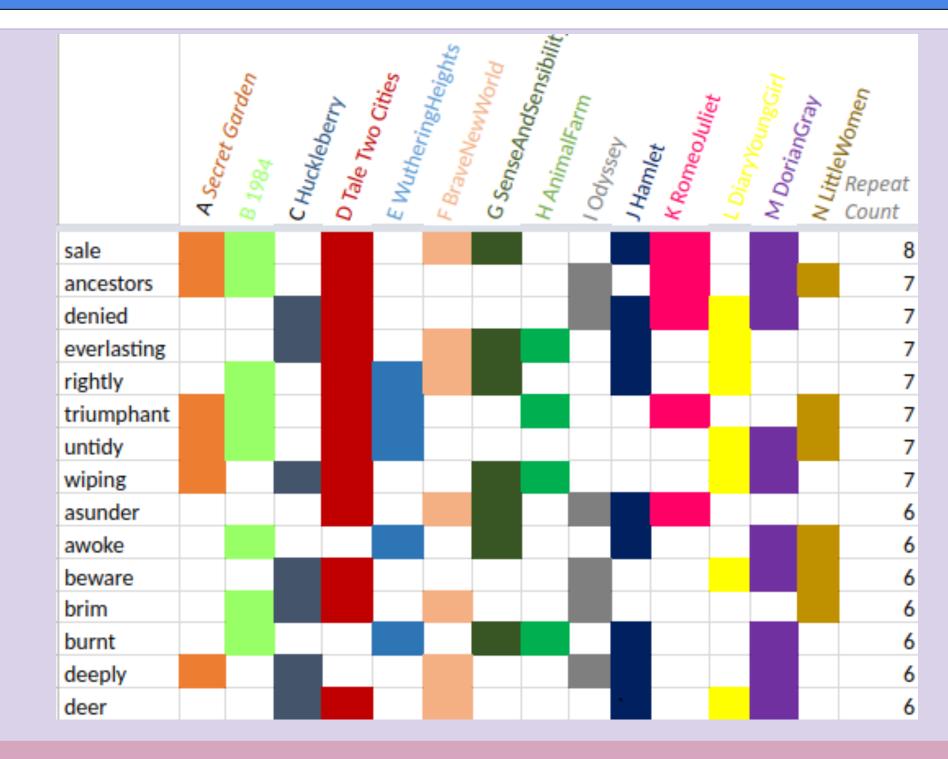


Chart indicates most common independently occurring words among the books analyzed. Of the 38 independently occurring words which show up in 6 books or more, 34 have 12, or 3 syllables. 28 have 1 or 2 syllables. This indicates correlation between relatively simple words and book popularity.

Correlation coefficient between percentage of independently occurring words and rating of book is -3.33. To have negative correlation with 95% certainty the correlation coefficient needs to be -3.34. Thus there is not a statistically significant correlation between popularity of a book and the percentage of independently occurring words: words that appear in a book only once.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS AND REFERENCES:

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